P2SC-ROB-WR-693 - 20230703	P2SC Weekly report	**** ****
Period covered: Date:	′	Royal Observatory of Belgium
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# 1. Science

## Solar & Space weather events

The level of solar activity<sup>1</sup> fluctuated between **low and moderate** this week.

Only M- and X-flares are mentioned, the most energetic one(s) per day are presented in **bold**:

	Monday 03 Jul	Tuesday 04 Jul	Wednesday 05 Jul	Thursday 06 Jul	Friday 07 Jul	Saturday 08 Jul	Sunday 09 Jul
Activity	moderate	moderate	moderate	moderate	very low	low	low
Flares	M1.3	M1.4	M1.0	M1.0	M4.0	-	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See appendix. All timings are given in UT.

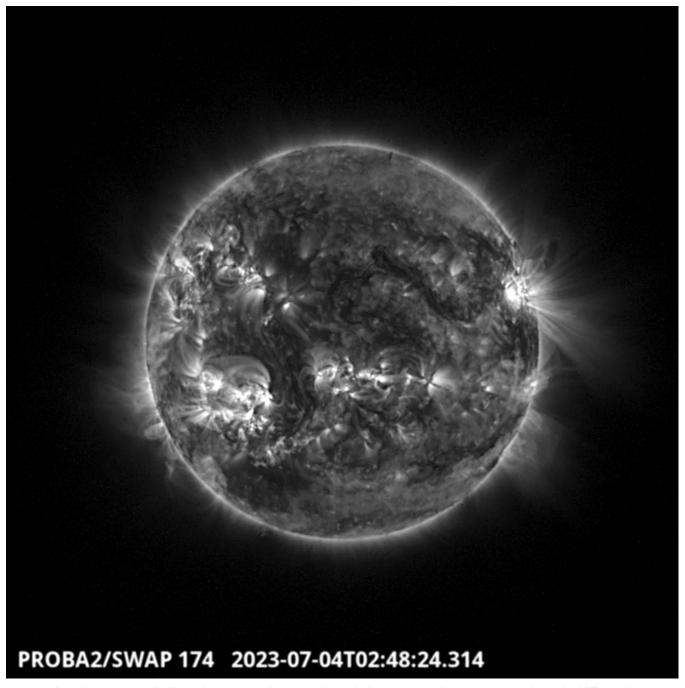
#### **Solar Activity**

Solar flare activity fluctuated from low to moderate during the week. In order to view the activity of this week in more detail, we suggest to go to the following website from which all the daily (normal and difference) movies can be accessed: <a href="https://proba2.oma.be/ssa">https://proba2.oma.be/ssa</a>
This page also lists the recorded flaring events.

A weekly overview movie can be found here (SWAP week 693).

Details about some of this week's events can be found further below.

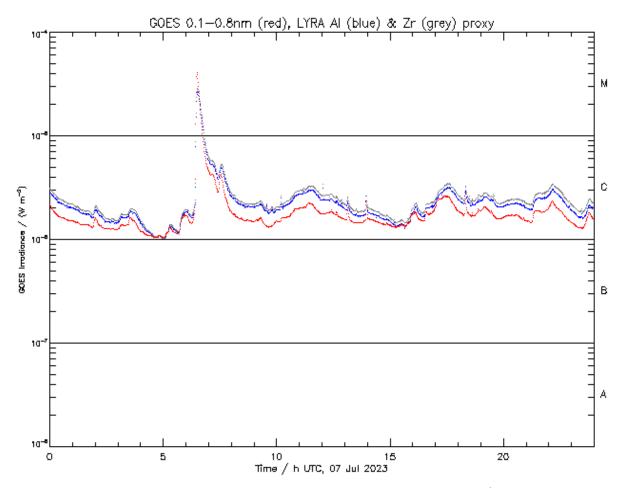
If any of the linked movies are unavailable they can be found in the P2SC movie repository <a href="here">here</a>



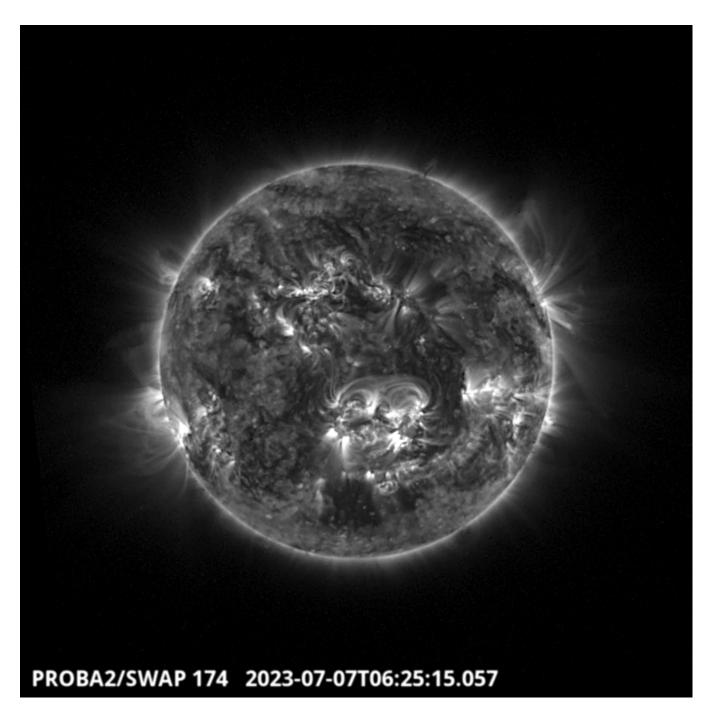
A solar coronal dimming was observed on July 04, starting at around 02:12 UT and ending around 04:09 UTC on the South East part of the solar disk. The coronal dimming was located close to the active region NOAA AR 3359.

Find a SWAP movie of the event here.

## Friday Jul 07



ROB/SIDC, Brussels, Belgium



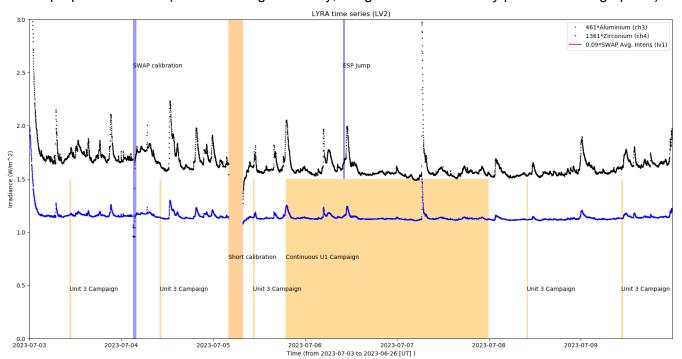
The largest flare of the week was produced by the active region NOAA 3359 at the South West of the disk around 6:25 UT.

Find a SWAP movie of the event here.

An overview of the weekly LYRA & SWAP data is provided below:

The following curves are visible:

- black: Zirconium Channel LYRA Unit 2
- blue: Aluminium Channel of LYRA Unit 2
- purple: SWAVINT (SWAP Average Intensity; integrated solar intensity per SWAP image pixel)



#### **Operations and Calibrations:**

The blue shaded periods related to SWAP, correspond to, from left to right:

- SWAP calibration, 2023-07-04
- ESP jump, 2023-07-06

The orange shaded periods related to LYRA correspond to, from left to right:

- Daily unit 3 campaign, 2023-07-03
- Daily unit 3 campaign, 2023-07-04
- Short calibration, 2025-07-05
- Daily unit 3 campaign, 2023-07-05
- Daily Unit1 flare campaign, 2023-Jul-05 to 2023-Jul-07
- Daily unit 3 campaign, 2023-07-08
- Daily unit 3 campaign, 2023-07-09

The red shaded periods related to other issues corresponds to:

None

## 2. LYRA instrument status

#### IOS

Start IOS	Mon Jul 03 2023	LYIOS01019
End IOS	Sun Jul 09 2023	LYIOS01021

## LYRA detector temperature

LYRA detector 2 temperature globally varied between 47.68 and 51.82  $^{\circ}\text{C}.$ 

## 3. SWAP instrument status

#### **MCPM** errors

The number of MCPM recoverable errors increased from 44551 to 44792.

The number of MCPM unrecoverable errors remained at 3135.

#### IOS

Start IOS	Mon Jul 03 2023	IOS01127
End IOS	Sun Jul 09 2023	IOS001127

### **SWAP** detector temperature

The SWAP Cold Finger Temperature globally varied between -0.89 and 0.31 °C.

# 4. PROBA2 Science Center Status

The following changes were made to the P2SC:

• None.

## 5. Data reception & discussions with MOC

#### **Passes**

The delivery of the passes for this week (passes 44489 to 44547) was nominal, except for:

None.

#### Data coverage HK

All HK data files (LYRA\_AD) have been received, except:

None.

#### **Data coverage SWAP**

All SWAP Science data files (BINSWAP) have been received, except:

None.

Total number of images between 2023 Jul 03 00:00UT and 2023 Jul 10 00:00UT: 4293

Highest cadence in this period: 30 seconds Average cadence in this period: 140.90 seconds Number of image gaps larger than 300 seconds: 202

Largest data gap: 33.67 minutes

#### **Data coverage LYRA**

All LYRA Science data files (BINLYRA) have been received, except:

None

### 6. APPENDIX: Frequently used acronyms

ADPMS Advanced Data and Power Management System

AOCS Attitude and Orbit Control System

APS Active Pixel image Sensor

ASIC Application Specific Integrated Circuit

BBE Base Band Equipment
CME Coronal Mass Ejection

COGEX Cool Gas Generator Experiment

CRC Cyclic Redundancy Check
DAC Data Acquisition Controller
DBR Deployment, backup & recovery
DDA Decommutated data archive
ESP Experimental Solar Panel

FITS Flexible Image Transport System

FOV Field Of View FPA Focal Plane Assembly

FPGA Field Programmable Gate Arrays

GPS Global Positioning System

HK Housekeeping

IOS Instrument Operations Sheet

LED Light Emitting Diode
LYRA LYman alpha RAdiometer

LYTMR LYRA Telemetry Reformatter (software module of P2SC)
LYEDG LYRA Engineering Data Generator (software module of P2SC)

MCPM Mass Memory, Compression and Packetisation Module

MOC Mission Operation Center NDR Non Destructive Readout

OBSW On board Software
PI Principal Investigator
P2SC PROBA2 Science Center
ROB Royal Observatory of Belgium

SAA South Atlantic Anomaly
SEU Single Event Upset

SoFAST | Solar Feature Automated Search Tool

SWAP Sun Watcher using APS detector and image Processing

SWAVINT | SWAP AVerage INTensity

SWBSDG | SWAP Base Science Data Generator

SWEDG SWAP Engineering Data Generator (software module of P2SC)
SWTMR SWAP Telemetry Reformatter (software module of P2SC)

TBC To Be Confirmed

TBD To Be Defined TC Telecommand

UTC Coordinated Universal Time

UV Ultraviolet

VFC Voltage to Frequency Converter

## 7. APPENDIX Solar Activity Definitions

In the science section we use the following solar activity standards.

The standard scale for solar activity is:

- very low (almost no flares, only B)
- low (a few C flares)
- moderate (many C flares and at least an M flare)
- high (several M flares and an X flare)
- very high (continuous background of C flares, numerous M flares, more than one X flare)