P2SC-ROB-WR-398 - 20171106 Weekly report #398	P2SC Weekly report	****
Period covered: Date: Written by: Approved by:	Mon Nov 06 to Sun Nov 12, 2017 20 Nov 2017 Laurence Wauters Matthew West	Royal Observatory of Belgium - PROBA2 Science Center
То:		http://proba2.sidc.be ++ 32 (0) 2 3730559
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1. Science

Solar & Space weather events

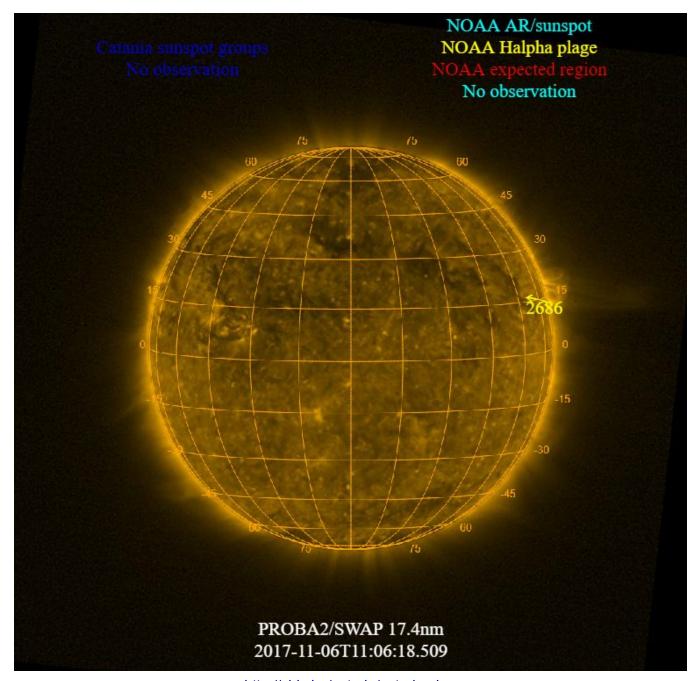
The level of solar activity¹ was very low during this week.

Only M- and X-flares are mentioned, the most energetic one(s) per day are presented in **bold**:

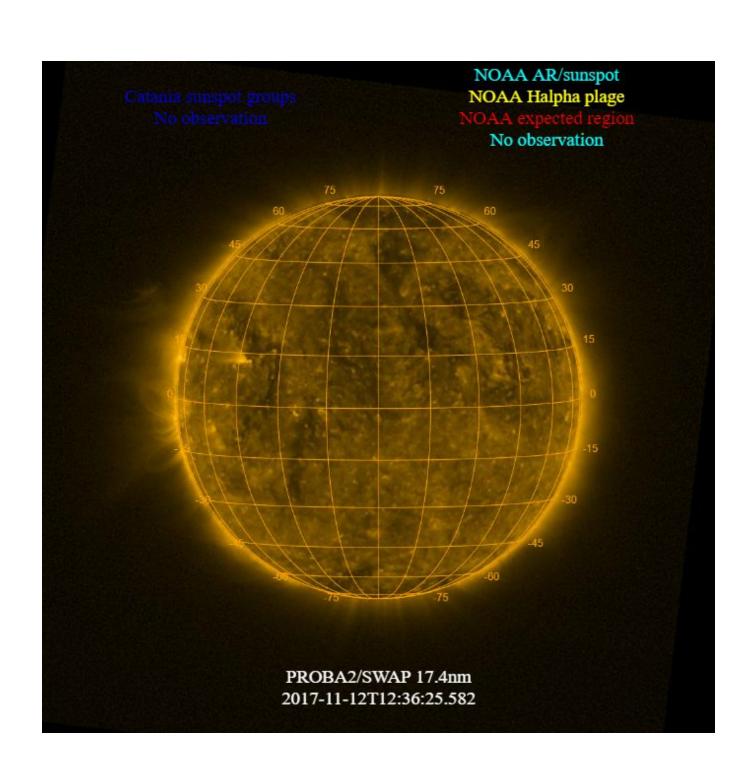
	Monday 06 Nov	Tuesday 07 Nov	Wednesday 08 Nov	Thursday 09 Nov	Friday 10 Nov	Saturday 11 Nov	Sunday 12 Nov
Activity	very low	very low	very low	very low	very low	very low	very low
Flares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

¹ See appendix. All timings are given in UT.

The SWAP images of Nov 06 and Nov 12 are shown below, with annotated active regions.



http://sidc.be/soteria/soteria.php



Solar Activity

Solar flare activity was very low during the week.

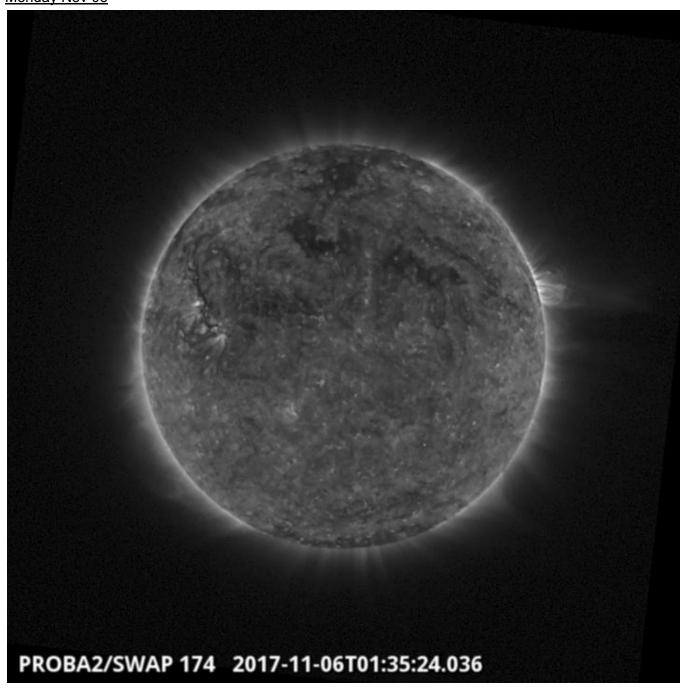
In order to view the activity of this week in more detail, we suggest to go to the following website from which all the daily (normal and difference) movies can be accessed: http://proba2.oma.be/ssa
This page also lists the recorded flaring events.

A weekly overview movie can be found here (SWAP week 398).

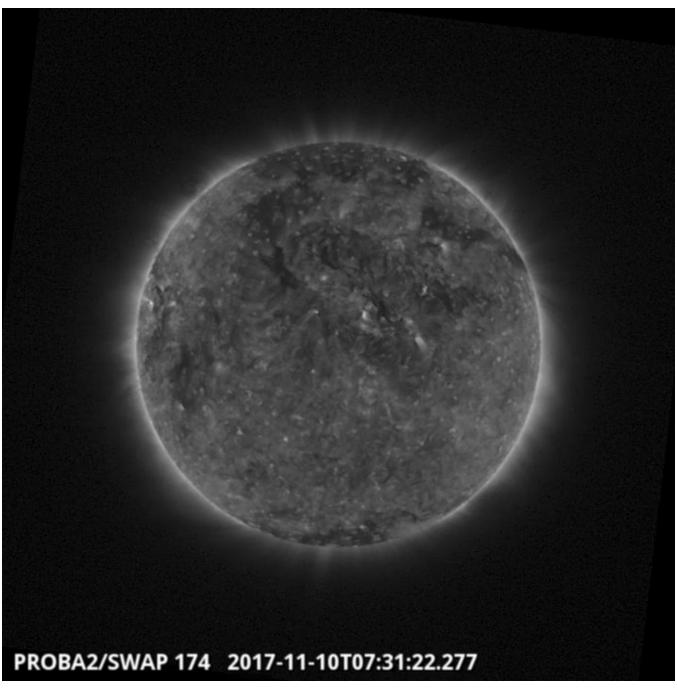
Details about some of this week's events, can be found further below.

If any of the linked movies are unavailable they can be found in the P2SC movie repository here

Monday Nov 06



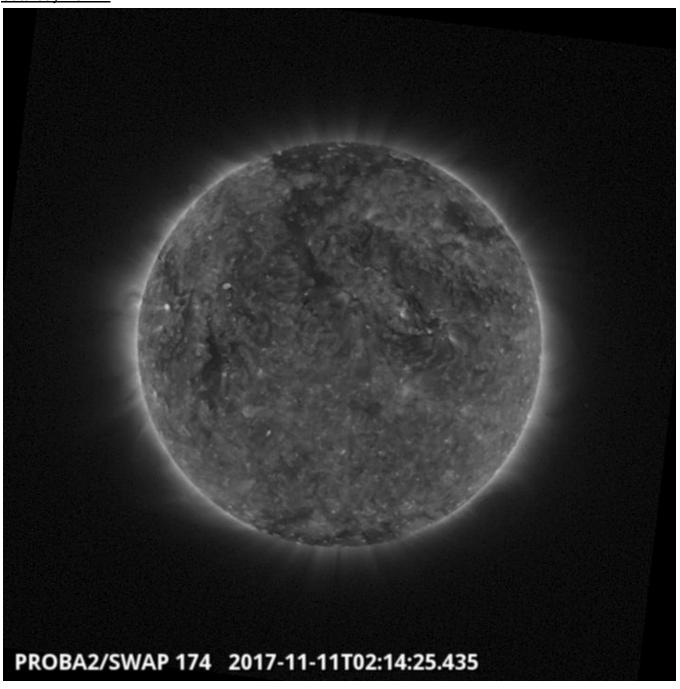
A Coronal Hole extending to low latitudes transited the central meridian last week, and can be seen in the SWAP image above. Find a movie of the event here (SWAP movie)



A filament located in the North-East quadrant of the Sun erupted on 2017-Nov-10 creating a large coronal dimming. The associated eruption was detected in SOHO/LASCO-C2 coronagraph imagery at 08:12 UT

Find a movie of the event here (SWAP movie)

Saturday Nov 11

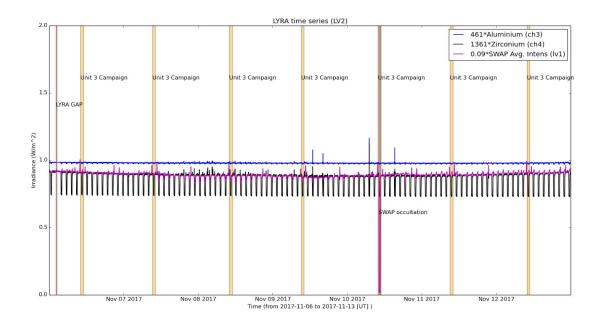


A large northern polar coronal hole was visible in SWAP images on 2017-Nov-11, and can be seen in the image above. Find a movie of the event here (SWAP movie)

An overview of the weekly LYRA & SWAP data is provided below:

The following curves are visible:

- black: Zirconium Channel LYRA Unit 2
- blue: Aluminium Channel of LYRA Unit 2
- purple: SWAVINT (SWAP Average Intensity; integrated solar intensity per SWAP image pixel)



The blue(purple) shaded periods related to SWAP, correspond to, from left to right:

SWAP parallel occultation campaign with LYRA, 2017-Nov-10

The orange shaded periods related to LYRA correspond to, from left to right:

- daily U3 (occultation) observation campaign on 2017-Nov-06
- daily U3 (occultation) observation campaign on 2017-Nov-07
- daily U3 (occultation) observation campaign on 2017-Nov-08
- daily U3 (occultation) observation campaign on 2017-Nov-09
- daily U3 (occultation) observation campaign on 2017-Nov-10
- daily U3 (occultation) observation campaign on 2017-Nov-11
- daily U3 (occultation) observation campaign on 2017-Nov-12

The red shaded periods related to other issues corresponds to:

LYRA gap for pass 25673 (corrupted file - wrong file size), 2017-Nov-06

Outreach, papers, presentations, etc.

Please consult http://proba2.oma.be/science/publications for a list of interesting articles using SWAP & LYRA data, as well as a link to the complete article list.

The science section of this weekly report is also published in the weekly STCE newsletter (http://www.stce.be/newsletter/newsletter.php).

Guest Investigator Program

• Willow M Reed from the University of Colorado in Boulder as part of Marty Snow's GI team

2. LYRA instrument status

Calibration

None

IOS & operations

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
06 Nov	07 Nov	08 Nov	09 Nov	10 Nov	11 Nov	12 Nov
Nominal						
acquisition +						
daily U3						
LYIOS00655	LYIOS00655	LYIOS00655	LYIOS00655	LYIOS00655	LYIOS00656	LYIOS00656

The following science campaigns were performed by LYRA:

• daily U3 (occultation) observations campaign

LYRA detector temperature

LYRA detector 2 temperature globally varied between 45.24 and 50.10 °C.

3. SWAP instrument status

Calibration

None

MCPM errors

The number of MCPM recoverable errors increased from 12853 to 13040.

The number of MCPM unrecoverable errors remained at 45.

IOS & operations

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
06 Nov	07 Nov	08 Nov	09 Nov	10 Nov	11 Nov	12 Nov
Nominal acquisition	Nominal acquisition	Nominal acquisition	Nominal acquisition	Nominal acquisition+ parallel occultation	Nominal acquisition	Nominal acquisition
IOS00724	IOS00725	IOS00725	IOS00725	IOS00725	IOS00726	IOS00726
774 images	763 images	717 images	731 images	763 images	709 images	691 images

Special operations for SWAP, this week:

• SWAP parallel occultation campaign with LYRA

SWAP detector temperature

The SWAP Cold Finger Temperature globally varied between -1.60and 1.75 °C.

4. PROBA2 Science Center Status

The main operator is Laurence Wauters.

The following changes were made to the P2SC:

• None.

5. Data reception & discussions with MOC

Passes

The delivery of the passes for this week (passes 25672 to 25739) was nominal, except for:

• None.

Data coverage HK

All HK data files (LYRA_AD) have been received, except:

None.

Data coverage SWAP

All SWAP Science data files (BINSWAP) have been received, except:

None.

Total number of images between 2017 Nov 06 00:00 UT and 2017 Nov 13 00:00 UT: 5176

Highest cadence in this period: 0 seconds

Average cadence in this period: 116.85 seconds Number of image gaps larger than 300 seconds: 103

Largest data gap: 30.07 minutes

Data coverage LYRA

All LYRA Science data files (BINLYRA) have been received, except:

- None
- LYRA for pass 25673 has been received but file size is wrong, 2017-Nov-06

6. APPENDIX: Frequently used acronyms

ADPMS Advanced Data and Power Management System

AOCS Attitude and Orbit Control System

APS Active Pixel image Sensor

ASIC Application Specific Integrated Circuit

BBE Base Band Equipment
CME Coronal Mass Ejection

COGEX Cool Gas Generator Experiment

CRC Cyclic Redundancy Check
DAC Data Acquisition Controller
DBR Deployment, backup & recovery
DDA Decommutated data archive

ESP Experimental Solar Panel

FITS Flexible Image Transport System

FOV Field Of View FPA Focal Plane Assembly

FPGA Field Programmable Gate Arrays

GPS Global Positioning System

HK Housekeeping

IOS Instrument Operations Sheet

LED Light Emitting Diode

LYRA LYman alpha RAdiometer

LYTMR LYRA Telemetry Reformatter (software module of P2SC)
LYEDG LYRA Engineering Data Generator (software module of P2SC)

MCPM Mass Memory, Compression and Packetisation Module

MOC Mission Operation Center NDR Non Destructive Readout

OBSW On board Software
PI Principal Investigator
P2SC PROBA2 Science Center
ROB Royal Observatory of Belgium

SAA South Atlantic Anomaly
SEU Single Event Upset

SoFAST | Solar Feature Automated Search Tool

SWAP Sun Watcher using APS detector and image Processing

SWAVINT | SWAP AVerage INTensity

SWBSDG SWAP Base Science Data Generator

SWEDG SWAP Engineering Data Generator (software module of P2SC)
SWTMR SWAP Telemetry Reformatter (software module of P2SC)

TBC To Be Confirmed
TBD To Be Defined
TC Telecommand

UTC Coordinated Universal Time

UV Ultraviolet

VFC Voltage to Frequency Converter

7. APPENDIX Solar Activity Definitions

In the science section we use the following solar activity standards.

The standard scale for solar activity is:

- very low (almost no flares, only B)
- low (a few C flares)
- moderate (many C flares and at least an M flare)
- high (several M flares and an X flare)
- very high (continuous background of C flares, numerous M flares, more than one X flare)