P2SC-ROB-WR-370 - 20170424 Weekly report #370	P2SC Weekly report	****
Period covered: Date:	Mon Apr 24 to Sun Apr 30, 2017 4 May 2017	Royal Observatory of Belgium -
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1. Science

Solar & Space weather events

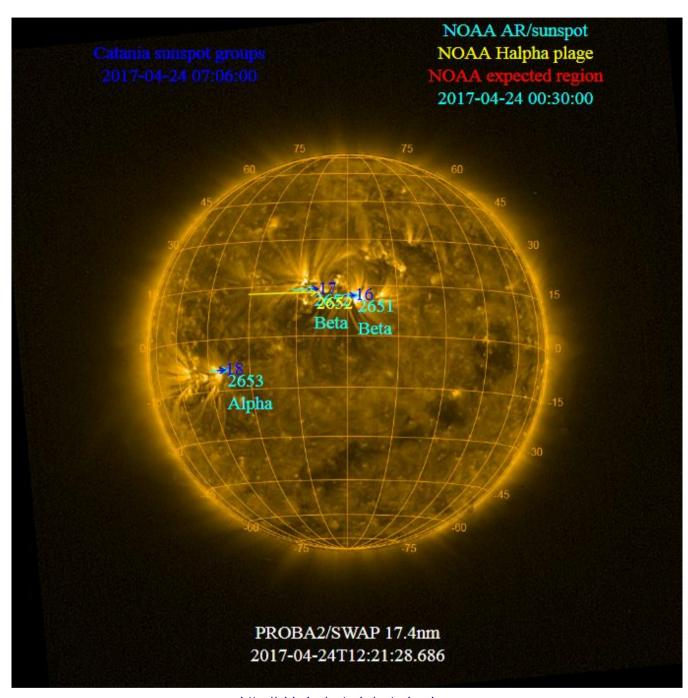
The level of solar activity¹ was **very low** during this week.

Only M- and X-flares are mentioned, the most energetic one(s) per day are presented in **bold**:

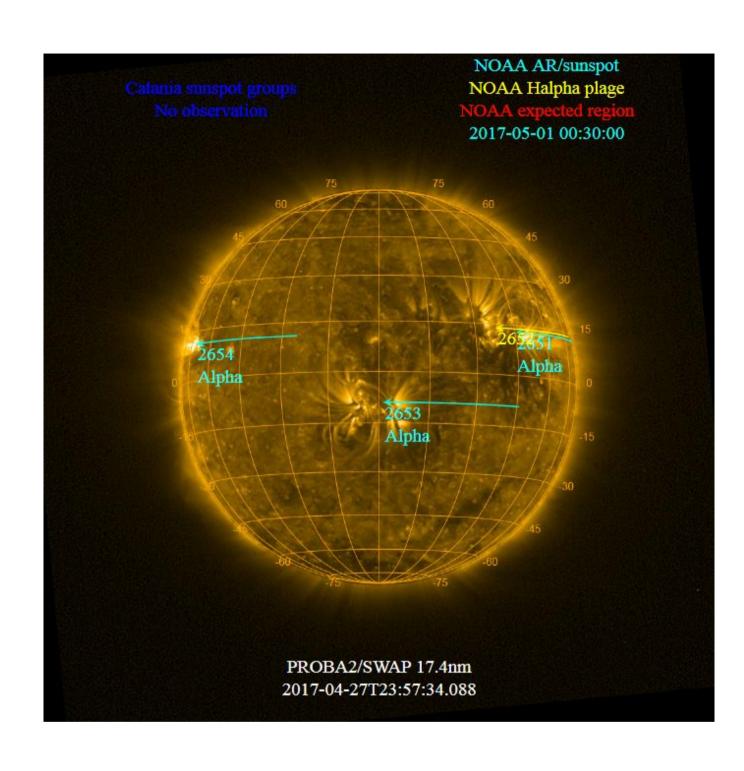
	Monday 24 Apr	Tuesday 25 Apr	Wednesday 26 Apr	Thursday 27 Apr	Friday 28 Apr	Saturday 29 Apr	Sunday 30 Apr
Activity	very low	very low	very low	very low	very low	very low	very low
Flares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

¹ See appendix. All timings are given in UT.

The SWAP images of Apr 24 to Apr 27 are shown below, with annotated active regions.



http://sidc.be/soteria/soteria.php



Solar Activity

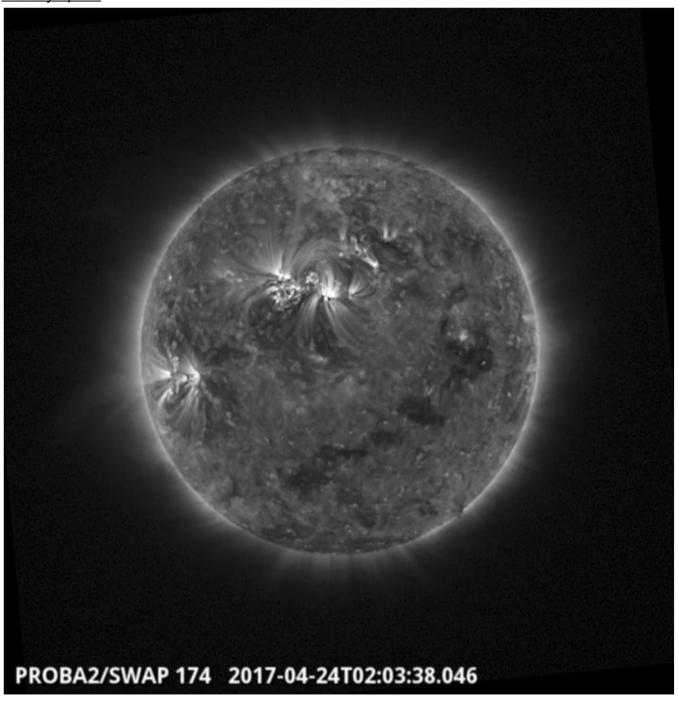
Solar flare activity was very low during the week.

In order to view the activity of this week in more detail, we suggest to go to the following website from which all the daily (normal and difference) movies can be accessed: http://proba2.oma.be/ssa
This page also lists the recorded flaring events.

A weekly overview movie can be found here (SWAP week 370).

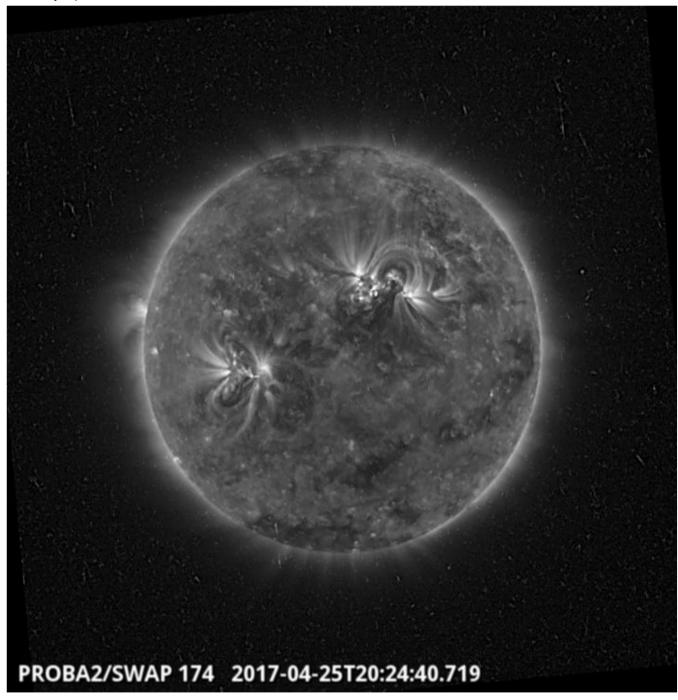
Details about some of this week's events, can be found further below.

If any of the linked movies are unavailable they can be found in the P2SC movie repository here



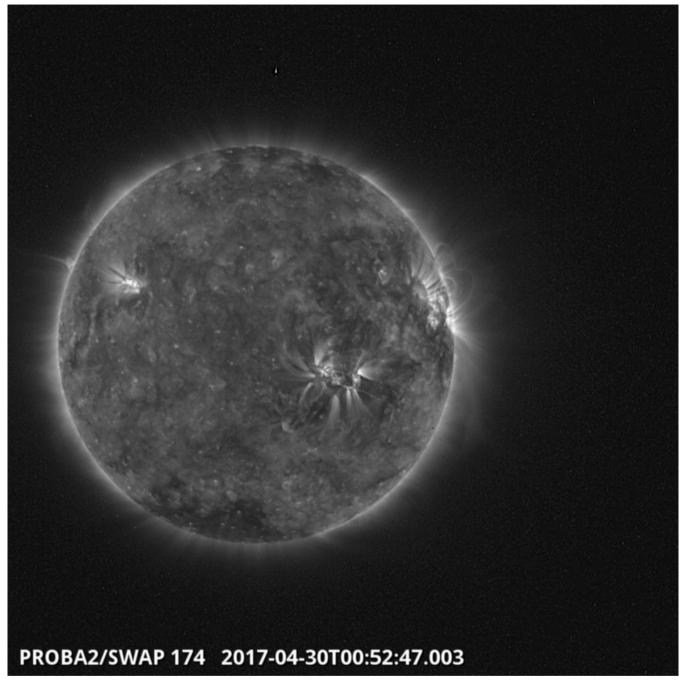
A filament eruption, from the north-east quadrant of the Sun, observed at about 02:00 UT on 24-April-2017 was associated with a narrow CME Find a movie of the event here (SWAP movie)

Tuesday Apr 25



The largest flare of the week was a B7.2 class flare, peaking at 20:25 UT on 2017-Apr-25 produced by the NOAA region 2651, which is visible in the North hemisphere of the above SWAP image

Find a movie of the events here (SWAP movie)



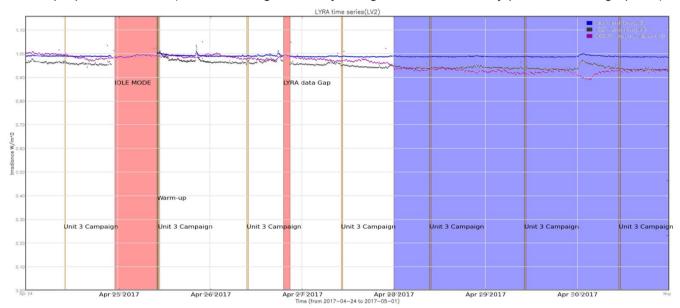
A long duration B3.0 class flare peaking at 00:57 UT on 30-April-2017 originated from the NOAA AR 2653, which is visible in the South West hemisphere of the above SWAP image. The flare was associated with an EIT wave, coronal dimming and CME.

Find a movie of the events here (SWAP movie)

An overview of the weekly LYRA & SWAP data is provided below:

The following curves are visible:

- black: Zirconium Channel LYRA Unit 2
- blue: Aluminium Channel of LYRA Unit 2
- purple: SWAVINT (SWAP Average Intensity; integrated solar intensity per SWAP image pixel)



The blue shaded periods correspond to, from left to right:

• SWAP OFF point from 28-Apr-2017, 00:00 UT

The orange shaded periods correspond to, from left to right:

- Daily Unit 3 Campaign, 24-Apr-2017
- Daily Unit 3 Campaign, 25-Apr-2017
- Daily Unit 3 Campaign, 26-Apr-2017
- Daily Unit 3 Campaign, 27-Apr-2017
- Daily Unit 3 Campaign, 28-Apr-2017
- Daily Unit 3 Campaign, 29-Apr-2017
- Daily Unit 3 Campaign, 30-Apr-2017

The red shaded periods correspond to:

- LYRA switched to IDLE mode due to voltage drop, 24-Apr-2017 at 22:52 UT, and was restarted on 25-Apr-2017 at 10:02 UT
- LYRA data Gap, 26-Apr-2017 between 19:05 UT and 20:45 UT.

Outreach, papers, presentations, etc.

Please consult http://proba2.oma.be/science/publications for a list of interesting articles using the science section of this weekly report is also published in the weekly STCE newsletter (http://www.stce.be/newsletter/newsletter.php).

Guest Investigator Program

 Guest Investigator, Michael Kirk visited the P2SC from 18-Apr- to 01-May-2017, to work on his GI project entitled "A Targeted Analysis of the Link Between Filament Eruptions, Lower Coronal EUV Features, and CMEs With PROBA2 SWAP."

2. LYRA instrument status

Calibration

None.

IOS & operations

Monday 24 Apr	Tuesday 25 Apr	Wednesday 26 Apr	Thursday 27 Apr	Friday 28 Apr	Saturday 29 Apr	Sunday 30 Apr
Nominal acquisition + daily U3	Nominal acquisition + Switch off + warm up+daily U3	Nominal acquisition + daily U3	Nominal acquisition + daily U3	Nominal acquisition + daily U3	Nominal acquisition + daily U3	Nominal acquisition + daily U3
LYIOS00615	LYIOS00616	LYIOS00617	LYIOS00617	LYIOS00617	LYIOS00617	LYIOS00617

The following science campaigns were performed by LYRA:

- Daily U3 observation campaigns
- On 26-Apr-2017, the daily U3 observations were corrupted due to the cover being in an intermediate state.

LYRA detector temperature

LYRA detector 2 temperature globally varied between 44.65 and 49.26 °C.

3. SWAP instrument status

Calibration

None

MCPM errors

The number of MCPM recoverable errors increased from 8724 to 8917.

The number of MCPM unrecoverable errors remained at 0.

IOS & operations

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
24 Apr	25 Apr	26 Apr	27 Apr	28 Apr	29 Apr	30 Apr
Nominal acquisition with off-point	Nominal acquisition with off-point	Nominal acquisition with off-point				
IOS00700	IOS00700	IOS00700	IOS00700	IOS00702	IOS00702	IOS00702
688 images	758 images	763 images	729 images	701 images	636 images	584 images

Special operations for SWAP, this week:

• Off-point campaign from 28-Apr-2017, 00:00 UT to 03-May-2017, 23:50 UT

SWAP detector temperature

The SWAP Cold Finger Temperature globally varied between -1.37 and -0.09 °C.

4. PROBA2 Science Center Status

The main operator is Laurence Wauters.

The following changes were made to the P2SC:

None

5. Data reception & discussions with MOC

Passes

The delivery of the passes for this week (passes 23839 to 23904) was nominal, except for:

- 23848, 23849, 23850, 23551 and 23852 (LYRA switched to IDLE mode due to voltage drop)
- 23840 (has been re-extracted with pass 23845)

Data coverage HK

All HK data files (LYRA AD) have been received, except:

23848, 23849, 23850, 23551 and 23852

Data coverage SWAP

All SWAP Science data files (BINSWAP) have been received, except:

None.

Total number of images between 2017 Apr 24 00:00 UT and 2017 May 01 00:00 UT: 4888

Highest cadence in this period: 110 seconds Average cadence in this period: 123.73 seconds Number of image gaps larger than 300 seconds: 104

Largest data gap: 11.00 minutes

Data coverage LYRA

All LYRA Science data files (BINLYRA) have been received, except:

- 23849, 23850, 23551 and 23852
- Pass 23840: BINLYRA_23840_..._2017.04.24T....tar has been re-extracted with pass 23845.
 (Data missing from 02:25 to 02:26 UT and for 03:59 to 04:01 UT on 2017 Apr 24)

6. APPENDIX: Frequently used acronyms

ADPMS Advanced Data and Power Management System

AOCS Attitude and Orbit Control System

APS Active Pixel image Sensor

ASIC Application Specific Integrated Circuit

BBE Base Band Equipment
CME Coronal Mass Ejection

COGEX Cool Gas Generator Experiment

CRC Cyclic Redundancy Check
DAC Data Acquisition Controller

DBR Deployment, backup & recovery
DDA Decommutated data archive
ESP Experimental Solar Panel

FITS Flexible Image Transport System

FOV Field Of View FPA Focal Plane Assembly

FPGA Field Programmable Gate Arrays

GPS Global Positioning System

HK Housekeeping

IOS Instrument Operations Sheet

LED Light Emitting Diode
LYRA LYman alpha RAdiometer

LYTMR LYRA Telemetry Reformatter (software module of P2SC)
LYEDG LYRA Engineering Data Generator (software module of P2SC)

MCPM Mass Memory, Compression and Packetisation Module

MOC Mission Operation Center NDR Non Destructive Readout

OBSW On board Software
PI Principal Investigator
P2SC PROBA2 Science Center
ROB Royal Observatory of Belgium

SAA South Atlantic Anomaly
SEU Single Event Upset

SoFAST | Solar Feature Automated Search Tool

SWAP Sun Watcher using APS detector and image Processing

SWAVINT | SWAP AVerage INTensity

SWBSDG SWAP Base Science Data Generator

SWEDG SWAP Engineering Data Generator (software module of P2SC)
SWTMR SWAP Telemetry Reformatter (software module of P2SC)

TBC To Be Confirmed
TBD To Be Defined
TC Telecommand

UTC Coordinated Universal Time

UV Ultraviolet

VFC Voltage to Frequency Converter

7. APPENDIX Solar Activity Definitions

In the science section we use the following solar activity standards.

The standard scale for solar activity is:

- very low (almost no flares, only B)
- low (a few C flares)
- moderate (many C flares and at least an M flare)
- high (several M flares and an X flare)
- very high (continuous background of C flares, numerous M flares, more than one X flare)