P2SC-ROB-WR-245 - 20141201 Weekly report #245	P2SC Weekly report	**** <u>***</u>
Period covered: Date:	Mon Dec 01 to Sun Dec 07, 2014 10 Dec 2014	Royal Observatory of Belgium -
Written by: Approved by:	Katrien Bonte and Robbe Vansintjan Matthew West	PROBA2 Science Center
То:	LYRA PI, marie.dominique@sidc.be SWAP PI, dseaton@sidc.be	http://proba2.sidc.be ++ 32 (0) 2 3730559
cc:	ROB DIR, ronald@oma.be ESA Redu, Etienne.Tilmans@esa.int ESA D/SRE, Joe.Zender@esa.int ESA D/TEC, Juha-Pekka.Luntama@esa.int	

1. Science

Solar & Space weather events

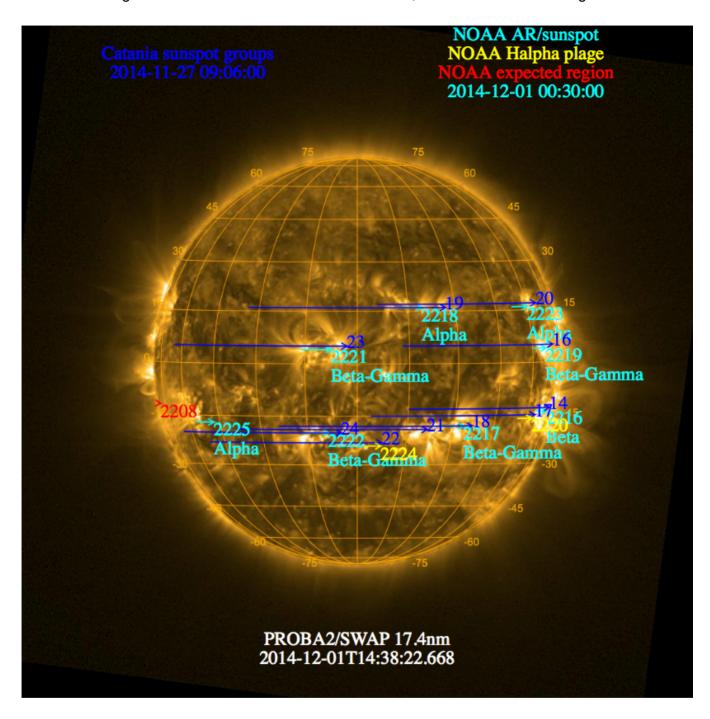
The level of solar activity¹ fluctuated between **low** and **moderate** this week.

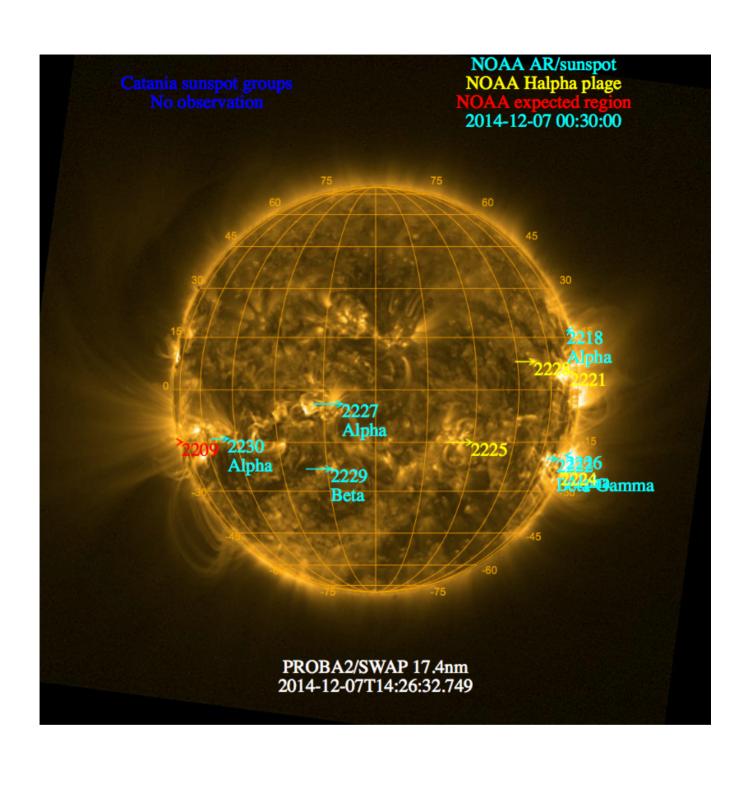
Only M- and X-flares are mentioned, the most energetic one(s) per day are presented in **bold**:

	Monday 01 Dec	Tuesday 02 Dec	Wednesday 03 Dec	Thursday 04 Dec	Friday 05 Dec	Saturday 06 Dec	Sunday 07 Dec
Activity	moderate	low	low	moderate	moderate	low	low
Flares	M1.8@06h41	-	-	M1.3@19h41 M6.1@18h25 M1.3@08h10	M1.5@11h3 3	-	-

¹ See appendix. All timings are given in UT.

The SWAP images of Dec 01 and Dec 07 are shown below, with annotated active regions.





Solar Activity

Solar flare activity fluctuated between low and moderate during the week. In order to view the activity of this week in more detail, we suggest to go to the following website from which all the daily (normal and difference) movies can be accessed: http://proba2.oma.be/ssa
This page also lists the recorded flaring events.

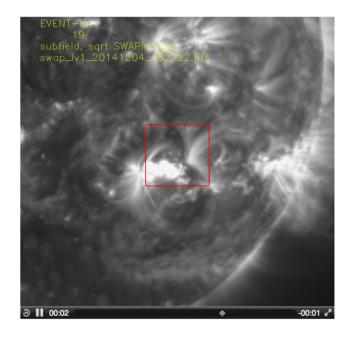
A weekly overview movie can be found here (SWAP week 245).

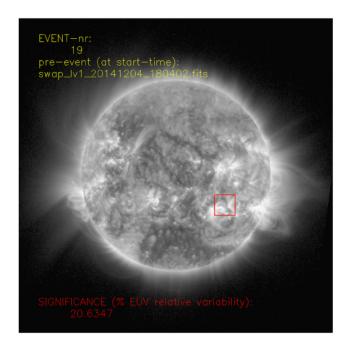
Details about some of this week's events:

Below we provide SWAP images of the time when a strong M-flare occurred on 2014-Dec-04. These annotated snapshots are produced by the Solar Feature Automated Search Tool (SoFAST). This tool detects dynamic solar events in EUV images from SWAP in real-time. More info on http://www.sidc.be/sofast.

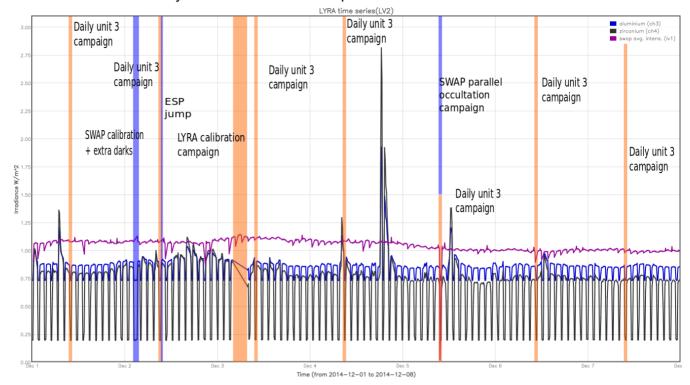
Thursday Dec 04:

M6.1 flare peaking around 18h25





An overview of the weekly LYRA & SWAP data is provided below:



The following curves are visible:

- black: Zirconium Channel LYRA Unit 2
- blue: Aluminium Channel of LYRA Unit 2
- purple: SWAVINT (SWAP Average Intensity; integrated solar intensity per SWAP image pixel
)

The blue shaded periods correspond to, from left to right:

- SWAP extended calibration on Dec 2
- SWAP ESP jump on Dec 2
- SWAP occultation campaign parallel with LYRA on Dec 5

The orange shaded periods correspond to, from left to right:

- LYRA daily U3 occultation campaign
- LYRA bi-weekly calibration on Dec 3

Outreach, papers, presentations, etc.

Please consult http://proba2.oma.be/science/publications for a list of interesting articles using SWAP & LYRA data, as well as a link to the complete article list.

The science section of this weekly report is also published in the weekly STCE newsletter (http://www.stce.be/newsletter/newsletter.php).

Guest Investigator Program

- Judith de Patoul SWAP "Morphology of evolution of plume and inter-plume regions."
- Janet Machol LYRA "Investigation of solar flares at the Lyman-alpha wavelength with LYRA & GOES data"

Other visitors working with the PROBA2 team

- Li Feng
- Bernd Inhester

2. LYRA instrument status

Calibration

Calibration campaign on Wednesday this week.

IOS & operations

Monday 01 Dec	Tuesday 02 Dec	Wednesday 03 Dec	Thursday 04 Dec	Friday 05 Dec	Saturday 06 Dec	Sunday 07 Dec
Nominal acquisition + daily U3	Nominal acquisition + daily U3	Nominal acquisition + daily U3 + calibration	Nominal acquisition + daily U3	Nominal acquisition + daily U3	Nominal acquisition + daily U3	Nominal acquisition + daily U3
LYIOS00439	LYIOS00439	LYIOS00439	LYIOS00439	LYIOS00440	LYIOS00440	LYIOS00440

The following science campaigns were performed by LYRA:

- Daily U3 occultation campaign
- Bi-weekly calibration on Dec 3

LYRA detector temperature

LYRA detector 2 temperature globally varied between 39.3 and 43.60 °C, taking into account the daily U3 activation periods.

3. SWAP instrument status

Calibration

Calibration campaign on Tuesday this week.

MCPM errors

The number of MCPM recoverable errors increased from 24239 to 24439. The number of MCPM unrecoverable errors increased from 2741 to 2909.

IOS & operations

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
01 Dec	02 Dec	03 Dec	04 Dec	05 Dec	06 Dec	07 Dec
Nominal acquisition	Nominal acquisition + ESP jump + calibration	Nominal acquisition	Nominal acquisition	Nominal acquisition + occultation	Nominal acquisition	Nominal acquisition
IOS00554	IOS00554	IOS00554	IOS00554	IOS00555	IOS00555	IOS00555
614 images	642 images	614 images	610 images	654 images	607 images	617 images

Special operations for SWAP, this week:

- SWAP extended calibration on Dec 2: including half an hour of darks prior to usual calibration
- SWAP ESP jump on Dec 2
- Occultation campaign parallel with LYRA on Dec 5

SWAP detector temperature

The SWAP Cold Finger Temperature globally varied between -4.65 and -2.23 °C.

4. PROBA2 Science Center Status

The main operator is Katrien Bonte.

The following changes were made to the P2SC:

• None.

5. Data reception & discussions with MOC

Passes

The delivery of the passes for this week (passes 15919 to 15980) was nominal, except for:

None.

Data coverage HK

All HK data files (LYRA AD) have been received, except:

None.

Data coverage SWAP

All SWAP Science data files (BINSWAP) have been received, except:

None.

Total number of images between 2014 Dec 01 0UT and 2014 Dec 08 0UT: 4358

Highest cadence in this period: 29 seconds Average cadence in this period: 138.57 seconds Number of image gaps larger than 300 seconds: 103

Largest data gap: 32.17 minutes

The data gap is due to occultations during which we do not take SWAP data.

Data coverage LYRA

All LYRA Science data files (BINLYRA) have been received, except:

None

6. APPENDIX: Frequently used acronyms

ADPMS Advanced Data and Power Management System

AOCS Attitude and Orbit Control System

APS Active Pixel image Sensor

ASIC Application Specific Integrated Circuit

BBE Base Band Equipment
CME Coronal Mass Ejection

COGEX Cool Gas Generator Experiment

CRC Cyclic Redundancy Check ESP Experimental Solar Panel

FITS Flexible Image Transport System

FOV Field Of View FPA Focal Plane Assembly

FPGA Field Programmable Gate Arrays

GPS Global Positioning System

HK Housekeeping

IOS Instrument Operations Sheet

LED Light Emitting Diode
LYRA LYman alpha RAdiometer

LYTMR LYRA Telemetry Reformatter (software module of P2SC)
LYEDG LYRA Engineering Data Generator (software module of P2SC)

MCPM Mass Memory, Compression and Packetisation Module

MOC Mission Operation Center NDR Non Destructive Readout

OBSW On board Software
PI Principal Investigator
P2SC PROBA2 Science Center
ROB Royal Observatory of Belgium

SAA South Atlantic Anomaly SEU Single Event Upset

SoFAST | Solar Feature Automated Search Tool

SWAP Sun Watcher using APS detector and image Processing

SWAVINT | SWAP AVerage INTensity

SWBSDG SWAP Base Science Data Generator

SWEDG SWAP Engineering Data Generator (software module of P2SC)
SWTMR SWAP Telemetry Reformatter (software module of P2SC)

TBC To Be Confirmed
TBD To Be Defined
TC Telecommand

UTC Coordinated Universal Time

UV Ultraviolet

VFC Voltage to Frequency Converter

7. APPENDIX Solar Activity Definitions

In the science section we use the following solar activity standards.

The standard scale for solar activity is:

- very low (almost no flares, only B)
- low (a few C flares)
- moderate (many C flares and at least an M flare)
- high (several M flares and an X flare)
- very high (continuous background of C flares, numerous M flares, more than one X flare)