P2SC-ROB-WR-171 - 20130701 Weekly report #171	P2SC Weekly report	**** <u>***</u>
Period covered: Date:	Mon Jul 01 to Sun Jul 07, 2013 10 July 2013	Royal Observatory of Belgium
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1. Science

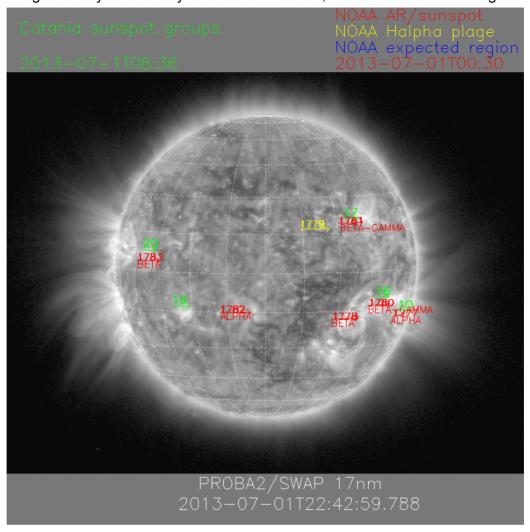
Solar & Space weather events

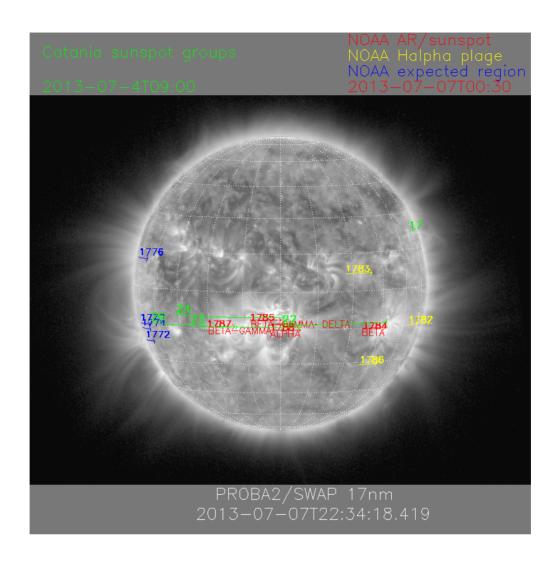
The level of solar activity¹ this week was **very low** to **moderate**. Only M- and X-flares are mentioned, the most energetic one(s) per day are presented in **bold**:

	Monday 01 Jul	Tuesday 02 Jul	Wednesday 03 Jul	Thursday 04 Jul	Friday 05 Jul	Saturday 06 Jul	Sunday 07 Jul
Activity	very low	low	moderate	low	low	low	low
Flares	-	-	M1.5 @ 7:08	-	-	-	-

¹ See appendix. All timings are given in UT.

The SWAP images of July 01 and July 07 are shown below, with annotated active regions.





http://sidc.be/html/CmapPage.html

Solar Activity

Solar (flaring) activity was low to moderate this week. A new set of sunspot groups emerged around the East limb, and were relatively active with many small flares and frequent localized flows. Several CMEs originated from these active regions. Most of the larger-scale activity, such as the one M-class flare (M1.5 @ 7:08 on Wednesday from AR 11787) occurred around the middle of the week.

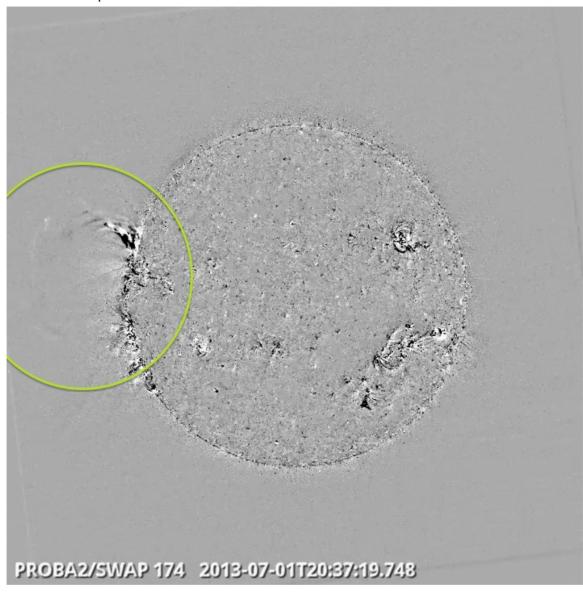
In order to view the activity of this week in more detail, we suggest to go to the following website from which all the daily (normal and difference) movies can be accessed: http://proba2.oma.be/ssa. This page also lists the recorded flaring events.

A weekly overview movie can be found here (SWAP174/AIA304 combination; HelioViewer.org).

Details about some of this week's events, can be found further below.

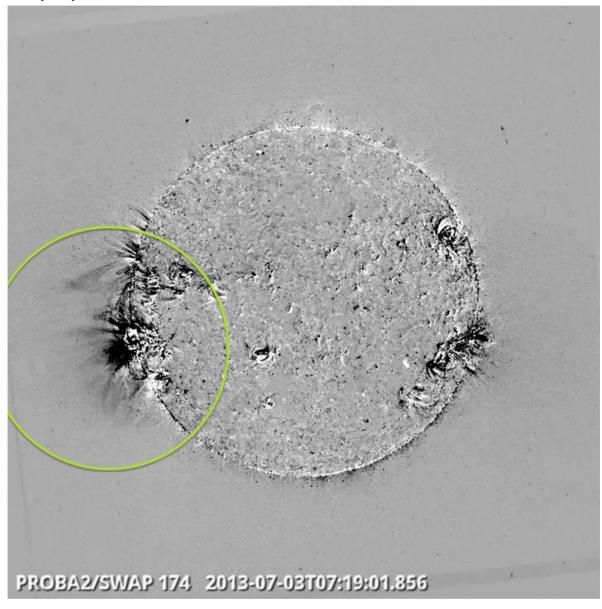
Monday July 1st:

There was a very nice prominence eruption from the East limb that could be seen out to the edge of the SWAP FOV. A clear partial halo CME was seen in LASCO data from this event.



Prominence Eruption East limb @ 20:37 - SWAP difference image

Wednesday July 3rd:



M1.5 flare and eruption East limb @ 07:17 - SWAP difference image

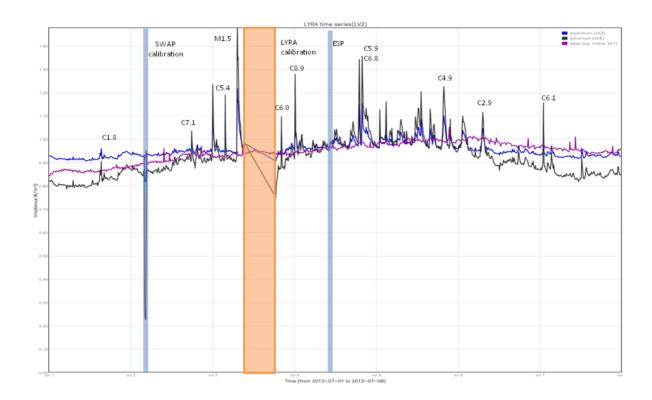
An overview of the weekly LYRA & SWAP data is provided below:

The following curves are visible:

• black: Zirconium Channel LYRA Unit 2

• blue: Aluminium Channel of LYRA Unit 2

• purple: SWAVINT (solar intensity derived from 'integrated' SWAP images)



The blue shaded periods correspond to, from left to right:

- SWAP calibration on Tuesday
- ESP experiment on Thursday

The orange shaded periods correspond to, from left to right:

LYRA Calibration on Wednesday

The red shaded period corresponds to:

Outreach, papers, presentations, etc.

Please consult http://proba2.oma.be/science/publications for a list of interesting articles using SWAP & LYRA data, as well as a link to the complete article list.

The science section of this weekly report is also published in the weekly STCE newsletter (http://www.stce.be/newsletter/newsletter.php).

Muzhou Lu (Former GI) at Williams College, in the US presented PROBA2 images at an art exhibition.

Guest Investigator Program

The fourth call for the GI program went out this week. Adverts were submitted to newsletters: Solar News, UKSP Newsletter, MIST. Web pages; UKSP, ESA and mailing lists; SHINE, eHeroes, CHARM, swap lyra Internally, Degradation team, EVE team (AIA). As well as to several individuals.

- Nandita Srivastava (SWAP/LYRA) Role of eruptive filaments/prominences in initiation and propagation of CMEs in heliosphere using SWAP & LYRA Observations: (from June 20 to July 23).
- Farid Goryaev (SWAP) Study of EUV emission of the inner corona and its modeling using the PROBA2/SWAP and Hinode/EIS data (from July 01 to July 15).

2. LYRA instrument status

Calibration

LYRA calibration on Wednesday.

IOS & operations

Monday 01 Jul	Tuesday 02 Jul	Wednesday 03 Jul	Thursday 04 Jul	Friday 05 Jul	Saturday 06 Jul	Sunday 07 Jul
Nominal acquisition + daily U3	Nominal acquisition + daily U3	Nominal acquisition + daily U3 + calibration	Nominal acquisition + daily U3	Nominal acquisition + daily U3	Nominal acquisition + daily U3	Nominal acquisition + daily U3
LYIOS00335	LYIOS00335	LYIOS00335	LYIOS00335	LYIOS00335	LYIOS00335	LYIOS00335

The following science campaigns were performed by LYRA:

• daily U3 observations campaign

LYRA detector temperature

LYRA detector 2 temperature globally varied between 46.88 and 46.88 degrees C, taking into account the daily U3 activation periods; the latter result in a temperature increase of about 0.0 degrees C.

To be explored

3. SWAP instrument status

Calibration

SWAP calibration on Tuesday.

MCPM errors

The number of MCPM recoverable errors increased from 9171 to 9415. The number of MCPM unrecoverable errors remained at 1127.

IOS & operations

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
01 Jul	02 Jul	03 Jul	04 Jul	05 Jul	06 Jul	07 Jul
Nominal acquisition	Nominal acquisition + calibration	Nominal acquisition	Nominal acquisition + ESP	Nominal acquisition	Nominal acquisition	Nominal acquisition
IOS00469	IOS00469	IOS00469	IOS00469	IOS00469	IOS00469	IOS00469
540 images	624 images	614 images	595 images	558 images	598 images	505 images

Special operations for SWAP, this week:

• ESP jump on Thursday

SWAP detector temperature

The SWAP Cold Finger Temperature, globally varied between -1.51 and -0.51 degrees C.

To be explored

4. PROBA2 Science Center Status

The main operator is Koen Stegen.

Due to a (known, and very specific) LYTMR data path, BINLYRA_11292 was not processed. This caused a data gap between Saturday 15/06 22:56 and Sunday 16/06 02:12. Once an improved data path is used, a re-run will make all these data available.

The following changes were made to the P2SC:

LY-TAF

- 13/06/2013: r4826; Add recovery event type.
- 13/06/2013: r4828; Add Temp > 50 event type.

5. Data reception & discussions with MOC

Passes

The delivery of the passes for this week (passes 11424 to 11482) was nominal, except for:

None

Data coverage HK

All HK data files (LYRA_AD) have been received, except:

• None

Data coverage SWAP

All SWAP Science data files (BINSWAP) have been received, except:

None

Total number of images between 2013 Jul 01 0UT and 2013 Jul 08 0UT: 4034

Highest cadence in this period: 30 seconds Average cadence in this period: 149.94 seconds Number of image gaps larger than 300 seconds: 2

Largest data gap: 34.33 minutes

The largest gap is due to the ESP campaign on Thursday.

Data coverage LYRA

All LYRA Science data files (BINLYRA) have been received, except:

6. APPENDIX Frequently used acronyms

ADPMS Advanced Data and Power Management System

AOCS Attitude and Orbit Control System

APS Active Pixel image Sensor

ASIC Application Specific Integrated Circuit

BBE Base Band Equipment CME Coronal Mass Ejection

COGEX Cool Gas Generator Experiment

CRC Cyclic Redundancy Check ESP Experimental Solar Panel

FITS Flexible Image Transport System

FOV Field Of View FPA Focal Plane Assembly

FPGA Field Programmable Gate Arrays

GPS Global Positioning System

HK Housekeeping

IOS Instrument Operations Sheet

LED Light Emitting Diode
LYRA LYman alpha RAdiometer

LYTMR LYRA Telemetry Reformatter (software module of P2SC)
LYEDG LYRA Engineering Data Generator (software module of P2SC)

MCPM Mass Memory, Compression and Packetisation Module

MOC Mission Operation Center NDR Non Destructive Readout

OBSW On board Software
PI Principal Investigator
P2SC PROBA2 Science Center
ROB Royal Observatory of Belgium

SAA South Atlantic Anomaly
SEU Single Event Upset

SWAP Sun Watcher using APS detector and image Processing

SWAVINT | SWAP AVerage INTensity

SWBSDG | SWAP Base Science Data Generator

SWEDG SWAP Engineering Data Generator (software module of P2SC)
SWTMR SWAP Telemetry Reformatter (software module of P2SC)

TBC To Be Confirmed
TBD To Be Defined
TC Telecommand

UTC Coordinated Universal Time

UV Ultraviolet

VFC Voltage to Frequency Converter

7. APPENDIX Solar Activity Definitions

In the science section we use the following solar activity standards.

The standard scale for solar activity is:

- very low (almost no flares, only B)
- low (a few C flares)
- moderate (many C flares and at least an M flare)
- high (several M flares and an X flare)
- very high (continuous background of C flares, numerous M flares, more than one X flare) (+ extreme?)